



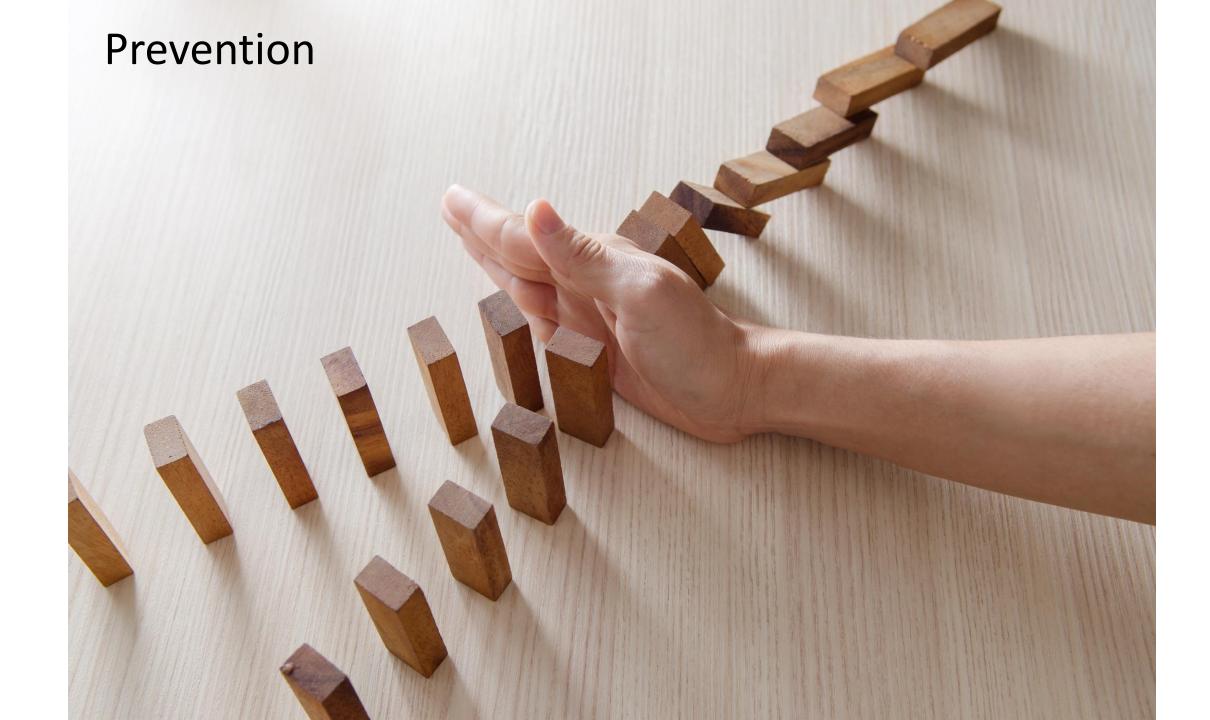
U.S. FISH & WILDLIFE SERVICE



Aquatic Invasive Plant Pathways in Trade: Prevention Strategies in Ohio

Mark Warman **Cleveland Metroparks** Ohio Aquatic Invasive Plant Committee 12-11-2020





Topic 1 Availability of AIS

Brick and mortar stores

Multiple online marketplaces

Plant bundles make identification difficult

Aquarium dumps / contaminated ornamentals



Cleveland Metroparks Brick and Mortar Surveys, 2017 - 2019

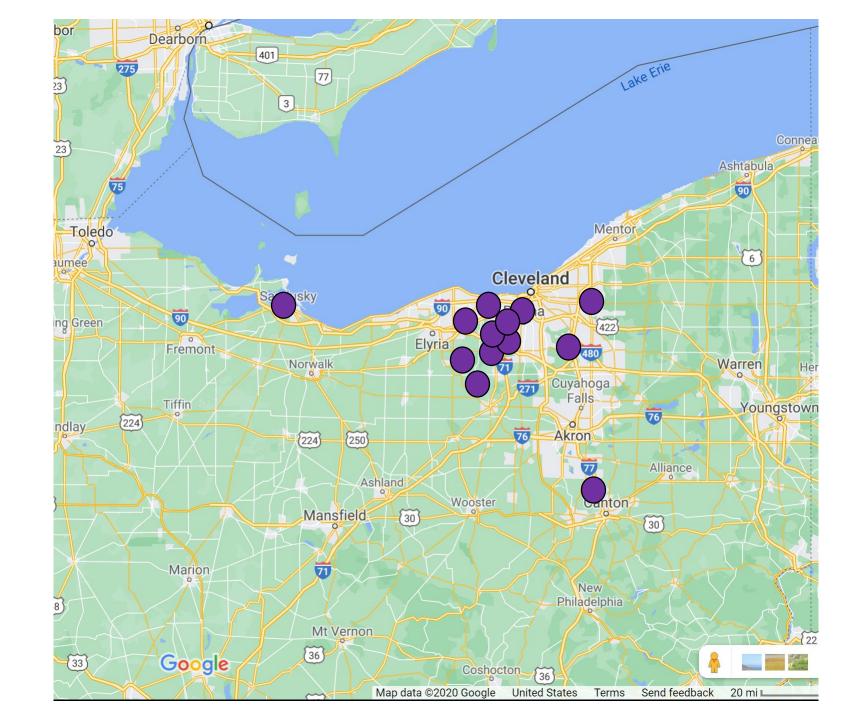
15 stores surveyed in person

At least 10 prohibited species confirmed

Two vendors reported to ODA

Good neighbor visits, never enforcement

Distributed Ohio Sea Grant materials (Habitattitude)



Online AIS availability

40 orders, Minnesota, 2004

Prohibited, exotic species received in 92% (Butomous umbellatus, Lythrum salicaria, Hydrocharis morsus-ranae)

93% contained species not specifically requested

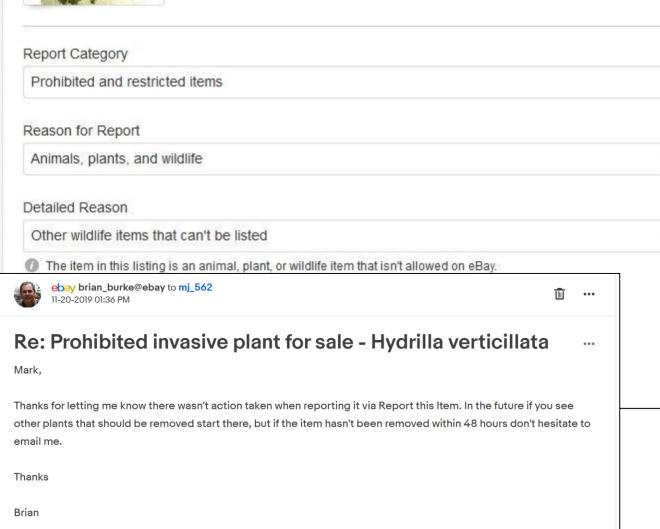
18% orders contained misidentified plants

43% contained unordered seeds

Also present: *Hydrilla verticillata*, *Lythrum salicaria*, *Salvinia molesta*, *Potmogeton crispus*



5 rhizomes Hydrilla verticillata, Hydrilla underwater plants, shrimp, aquatic food Item no: Seller:



Maki, K., Galatowitsch, S. 2004. Movement of invasive aquatic plants into Minnesota (USA) through horticultural trade. Biological Conservation, Vol 118, issue 3, pg 389-396

Topic one – Availability of Aquatic Invasive Plants

Prevention Strategies

- Expand inspections of brick-and-mortar stores in Ohio
- Notify partners (Ohio Department of Agriculture) when prohibited species are for sale
- Persist and elevate prohibited species concerns in online marketplaces
- Include trade/hobbyist groups in outreach









Anacharis

Topic 2: Confusing common names and look-a-likes









Hydrilla

Hydrilla verticillata

Invasive in Ohio

Brazilian waterweed Egeria densa Invasive in Ohio

Elodea

E. canadensis or E. nuttallii

Native to Ohio

African waterweed² *Lagarosiphon major*Non-indigenous in Ohio

Anacharis

Topic 2: Confusing common names and look-a-likes

¹Chiuluan, Taiwan, iNaturalist ²Genetic confirmation needed, best guess based on morphology



Misidentified specimen



Hydrilla Hydrilla verticillata Invasive in Ohio

Brazilian waterweed Egeria densa Invasive in Ohio

Anacharis

Challenge 2: Confusing common names and look-a-likes

African waterweed² Lagarosiphon major Non-indigenous in Ohio

¹Chiuluan, Taiwan, iNaturalist

²Genetic confirmation needed, best guess based on morphology

Elodea canadensis Native to Ohio

Egeria densa Invasive in Ohio

Also known as:

Elodea

Canadian waterweed

Common waterweed

Anacharis canadensis

Elodea brandegeae

Elodea ioensis

Elodea laifolia

Also known as:

Elodea

Wide-leaf anacharis

Brazillian elodea

Brazilian waterweed

South American waterweed

Anacharis densa

Elodea densa

Elodea densa var. longifolia

Philotria densa

Elodea canadensis Native to Ohio

Egeria najas Native to S. America

Egeria densa Invasive in Ohio



Considerations: This plant is a prohibited invasive species. It cannot be bought, sold. transported, transferred, or introduced in Wisconsin.

Bureau of Science Services, Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources



Also known as:

ALLOWED

BEST

Elodea

Also known as:

Canadian waterweed Common waterweed Anacharis canadensis

Elodea brandegeae Elodea ioensis Elodea laifolia

Narrow-leaf anacharis

Anacharis hilariana

Anacharis naias

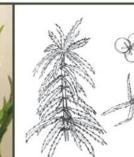
Elodea guyanensis f. longifolia

Elodea kochii

Elodea najas

Elodea paraguayensis





Considerations: This plant is not native in Wisconsin, but is not a regulated invasive species. Characteristics: Leaves in whorls of 5, obvious serrated edges, smooth midrib (under leaf)

PROHIBITED

do not use

Also known as:

Elodea

Wide-leaf anacharis

Brazillian elodea

Brazilian waterweed

South American waterweed

Anacharis densa

Elodea densa

Elodea densa var. longifolia Philotria densa

ELODEA CANADENSIS

use for cell study, ponds, and aquaria



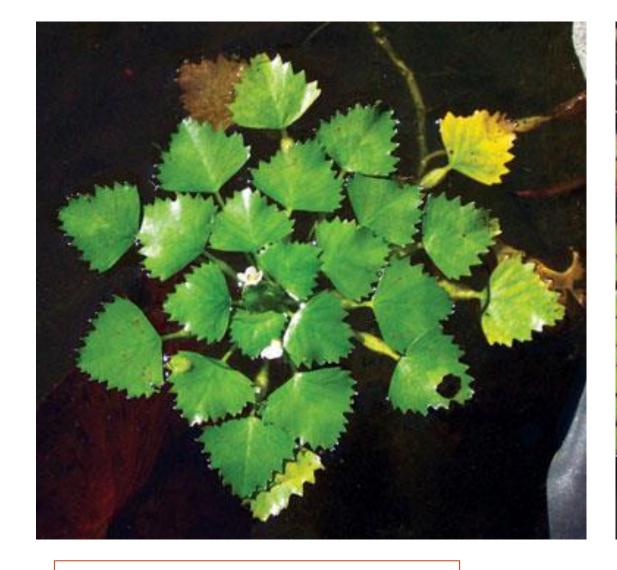
Considerations: This plant is native to Wisconsin and can be ordered locally.

Characteristics: Leaves in whorls of 4 - 8, edges appear smooth to the naked eye

What is more bothersome to your inner stickler?

- 1) Asian Carp in reference to multiple species (CarpS)
- 2) Egeria densa named as Elodea

3) My outrage for both is so hot it could boil water





Trapa natans
European water chestnut
Prohibited in Ohio

Ludwigia sedoides
Mosaic plant
Permitted in Ohio

Topic two – Confusing Common Names and Look-a-likes

Prevention Strategies

- National adherence to accepted common names (ITIS)
 Washington, Michigan → Egeria densa as Brazilian elodea
- Avoid sale of look-a-like species
- Prohibit the sale of look-a-like species*
- Evaluate utility of non-indigenous species Water lettuce (*P. stratoites*), water hyacinth (*E. crassipes*)...

Topic three – Lack of alternatives and awareness

Availability + Confusion

A recipe for non-native species acquisition in Ohio

Native Plants List for Local Growers

Adapted from Janet Schreier, Upper Midwest Invasive Species Conference Talk Minnesota Water Garden Society

Easy to find

Caltha pallustris (Marsh Marigold)
Pontedaria cordata (Pickerel Rush)
Sagittaria (arrowheads)
Iris versicolor (Blue flag iris)
Lobelia cardinalis (Cardinal Flower)
Menyanthes trifoliata (Bog bean)

Hard to find

Hibiscus laevis

Nymphaea odorata (Waterlily)

Nelumbo lutea (lotus)

Nuphar advena & lutea (spatterdock)

Calla paulustris (Calla lily)

Equistem scirpoides (dwarf horsetail)

Hippuris vulgaris (Mare's Tail)



Programs in other states

Tina Wolbers, Minnesota DNR, AIS Prevention Planner

Ranked #1 on list

Pathway	Source	Behaviors	Average Impact	Average Uptake	Average Market	Product of Averages
Retail Plant Trade	Planting of high-risk plants (intentional or	Accurately identify and only sell non/low-risk species (retailers)	4.4	3.0	4.3	56.3

Community-Based Social Marketing (CBSM), 2019 presentation link below:

https://www.glc.org/wp-content/uploads/GLP-May-2019-WOLBERS-MN-DNR-CBSM-Wolbers.pdf

RIPPLE

Paige Filice, Michigan State Extension, Natural Resources Educator Link to project site below:

https://www.michigan.gov/invasives/0,5664,7-324-68000_75850---,00.html



Topic three – Lack of alternatives and awareness

Prevention Strategies

- Encourage local growers to grow hard-to-find native plants
 - Sea Grant Aquaculture Focus?
- Publish Ohio list of native plants
- Adapt/implement other Great Lakes States programs
- ODNR flip guide for native aquatic plants

<u>Topic 1 – Availability of AIS in Ohio</u>

- Expand inspection of brick-and-mortar stores in Ohio V
- Persist and elevate prohibited species concerns in online marketplaces 🗸
- Notify partners (ODA) when prohibited species are for sale 🗸
- Include trade/hobbyist groups in outreach

<u>Topic 2 – Confusing common names and look-a-likes</u>

- National adherence to accepted common names (ITIS) 🗸
- Accurately identify and sell only non/low risk species
- Evaluate utility of non-indigenous species, especially those that may become established in Ohio in a warmer climate

<u>Topic 3 – Lack of alternatives and awareness</u>

- Encourage local growers to grow hard-to-find native plants
- Publish Ohio list of native plants 🗸
- Adapt/implement other Great Lakes state's programs
- ODNR flip guide for native aquatic plants







Aquatic Invasive Plant Pathways in Trade: Prevention Strategies in Ohio

Mark Warman

mjw1@clevelandmetroparks.com

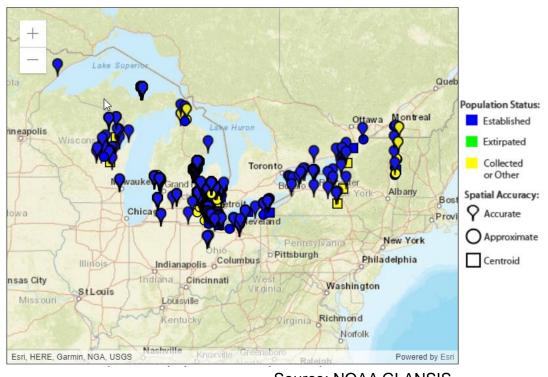




GLRI FLOWERING RUSH STUDY

Off Topic

- USACE received funds to research flowering rush in the Great Lakes region in FY21 with potential to receive additional funding in future years
- Proposed plan is to study the phenology and genetics of the GL population
- Establish three study sites:
 - Unity Island in the upper Niagara River, (NY)
 - Mentor Marsh in Lake Erie
 - Site in MI or potentially Ottawa National Wildlife Refuge
- Still looking for match recipients (50/50) for FR management Contact Mike Greer (Michael.J.Greer@usace.army.mil)



Source: NOAA GLANSIS



